

# **Northowram Primary School**

# **Behaviour Policy**

Version	09/25
Name of Policy Writer	Northowram Primary School
Last Radical revision/consultation	November 2022
Last updated	November 2024
Next Review Due	September 2027

#### Introduction

#### 1. Vision and Rationale

At Northowram Primary School, we believe that every child has the right to learn in a safe, calm, and respectful environment. This policy is rooted in the belief that good behaviour is taught and reinforced through high expectations, consistent routines, and strong relationships. It is influenced by key principles of effective behaviour management, particularly the importance of clarity, consistency, and culture.

#### 2. Core Behaviour Principles

We adopt the following principles throughout our school:

- **Clarity**: Children should know what is expected of them, and adults must clearly communicate rules, routines, and consequences.
- **Consistency**: All adults must apply expectations fairly and reliably, creating a sense of safety and predictability.
- **Culture**: A strong, positive school culture must be built deliberately, where kind, respectful, and responsible behaviour is taught and celebrated.
- **Simplicity**: Rules and routines should be easy to understand, remember, and follow.

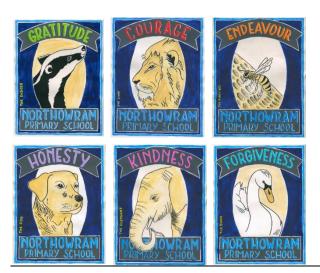
#### 3. School Rules

Our school rules are simple, clear, and consistent across all year groups. They are explicitly taught, modelled, and reinforced:



- 2. **Be Respectful** to yourself, others, and the school environment.
- 3. **Be Safe** make choices that protect yourself and others.

Our school values and school rules underpin all behaviour expectations in and out of the classroom.



圁

We are ready

Our Rules (RRS)

#### 4. Routines and Expectations

Staff explicitly teach and practise routines for:

 Entering classrooms through our

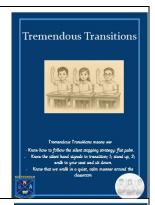
**Super Settle** 

Super Settle

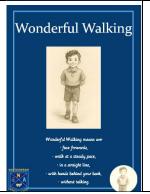
Super Settle manuar are

- Know how to be ready for the issue e.g., had a driab, total to be and for set quietly and married yo row sees, ready to born.

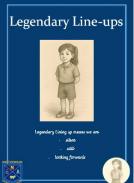
 Transitioning between activities through our Tremendous Transitions



 Moving around the school through our Wonderful Walking



 Lining up through our Legendary Line Ups



• Lunchtime and playtime conduct; see 'The Northowram Way' Behaviour Map.

A taught behaviour curriculum helps us to reinforce these routines daily. For the full content, please refer to the policies section on our website at; <a href="https://www.northowram.calderdale.sch.uk/policies/">https://www.northowram.calderdale.sch.uk/policies/</a>. This policy makes clear the expected behaviours we will see in our school, if we follow our school rules. This is called 'The Northowram Way' Behaviour Map.

### The Northowram Way' Behaviour Map; This is a table explaining the expected behaviours we will see in our school, if we follow our school rules;





#### Manners Uniform Assemblu Moving Around School Know that we should always say please Know that we wear full uniform, and Know that we Know that we walk around school using enter/exit in and thank you. it is worn correctly - t-shirts tucked in wonderful walking (facing silence and we walk forwards, walking at a steady into/out of the hall. Know that it is polite to hold doors open Know to remove outdoor clothing (coat, pace, in a straight line, with for others. hands behind your back, without Know the hats, gloves, scarves etc.) once inside the talkina) Know that we should say 'Good morning expectations for sitting. building and hang them up appropriately. Know that we sit crossor afternoon'. Know that we use legged and hands still. Know that we can wear a watch and legendary line-ups when lining Know that it is polite to look at the person Know that we stud earrings and no other jewellery/smart up (silent, still, looking you are talking to. watches. forwards). face the assembly leader and face forwards with Know that being responsible means being Know to wear correct PE kit as Know that we knock on eyes on the speaker able to be trusted to do the right things that are appropriate for PE days. and wait for permission to enter expected of you without supervision. a room (where appropriate e.q., Know that we use silent hands-up to staffroom, office, another Know that we pick up litter, coats and classroom). contribute. resources if on the floor or untidy. Going Home Attendance Know that we Know that we should say 'excuse me' if Know that we say good afternoon to Know that we try to everyone at the end of the day. attend school every participate actively – someone is in our wau. day. singing etc. Know that we stack/tidy our chairs. Know that we must tru to Know that we should be positive and Know that we go to collect our belongs arrive at school on time every upbeat when talking to adults and each other by sensibly and calmly. day. smiling when we are talking to them. Classroom Outside of School Playground Library Know that when we are Know that we must play safely without Know that we 1118 ଓଡ଼ନ hurting anyone. SITTING: Know that we have good talk quietly in wearing your school sitting posture: Ensure 6 feet on the uniform, we are representing the the library. school community and must floor Tummy Near Table (TNT) Know that we do not 'play fight' because Know that we Bottoms in the Back of our Chair (BBC). place books always behave responsibly and we may hurt someone by accident. TRACK; Know that it is polite to carefully back on the respectfully. Know that we must be kind, by including VAL track/ look at the person you are shelf in the correct space. people in our games and sharing Know that we should be equipment. talking or listening to. Know that we <u>وا چې</u> Know that we help tidy up at the ATTENTION; Know that we actively look after our considerate of other people appropriate time. listen. Show this by nodding, smiling schoolbooks so that arriving and leaving school. and so on when someone is speaking. everyone can enjoy them. Consistent stop; Know that when the Know that examples of being whistle is blown we stop and listen to the RESPECT; know that we respond to Know that all considerate on the way home books stand the your classmates and teacher so they instructions. When coming inside, we always walk include walking not running, correct way up, giving people plenty of space, and line up, using legendary line-ups. know you were listening. Know that we walk back into class using with spine out if on a using a quiet voice not shouting wonderful walking (facing forwards, shelf, front cover facing or swearing. Consistent stop; Know how to follow forward if in basket. walking at a steady pace, in a straight line, with the silent stopping strategy: flat palm. hands behind your back, without talking). Know the silent hand signals to Know that you should not scream when food or drink transition; 1; stand up, 2; walk to should be consumed in playing together at playtime. your seat and sit down. the library Know that we keep our workspaces Lunch Halls Online Know that we ireat our soft /resources tidy (before/during/after Know that we line up quietly and Know how to stay safe 毲 work). online and use furnishings with respect Super settle; Know how to be ready technology sensibly Know that we say please and thank you. <u>&</u> for the lesson e.g., had a drink, toilet NO 11 Know that we remain Know that we eat using a knife and fork. break etc. polite and kind even Know that we place chairs under the 帰中 Know that that we chew with our mouths on online platforms. table when leaving seat. closed. Know that we walk in a quiet, calm Know who to go to Know that we raise our hand to ask for manner around the classroom. ţ, help. for help and support. Know that we treat equipment 帰令 Know that you should use a quiet voice in 9 appropriately and with respect. the dinner half Know that we answer the register by Know that when eating, we stay in our Q.P<sub>WI</sub>4

saying good morning or afternoon.

quidelines in our books.

Know that we follow the presentation

A.

seats facing our food.

Know that we clear away our table space,

cutlery, plate, cup and leave tidy.

#### 5. Recognition and Positive Reinforcement

We focus on recognising positive behaviour frequently and publicly. Staff use:

- Specific verbal praise ("Thank you for showing me you're ready by sitting quietly.")
- Class rewards (e.g. marbles in a jar)
- Recognition Boards in all classrooms
- Whole-school systems (e.g. celebration assembly and hot chocolate Friday's)
- House points
- Marvellous Me

Praise is always specific, sincere, and linked to our school rules.

#### **Rewards and Recognition for Good Conduct**

At our school, we believe in celebrating and encouraging good behaviour through a variety of positive rewards. Children can earn house points for showing kindness, working hard and making good choices. These points contribute to their house team and are celebrated in assemblies. Half-termly rewards to the winning team (e.g. non-uniform day) will be given. Classes also work together to earn marbles in a jar for whole-class achievements such as lining-up quietly, showing teamwork or tidying up well-when the jar is full, the class enjoys a special reward. We also use recognition boards in classrooms to highlight children who demonstrate our school values, helping to create a positive and encouraging learning environment for everyone. In addition, we hold regular celebration assemblies, where children who have consistently shown our school values-m such as respect, responsibility, resilience and kindness- are recognised in front of their peers, staff and families. These assemblies help to build confidence, promote a sense of pride and encourage others to follow their example.



#### 6. Sanctions and Consequences

When behaviour falls short of our expectations, we respond with calm, fair, and consistent consequences.

#### **Consequence System:**

- **Reminder** a gentle reminder of expectations.
- Warning a clear verbal warning with a reference to the rule.
- Time Out or Reflection a short time away from the activity.
- Internal Referral child works in another classroom or with a senior staff member.
- Lunchtime detention- child complete a reflection sheet (see example in Appendix 1), writes an apology or discusses the behaviour with a member of staff
- Parent Contact discussion of next steps.
- Further Sanctions e.g. loss of privilege, lunchtime detention, or internal exclusion.
- Serious behaviours (e.g. violence, discriminatory language, bullying) may bypass steps and result in immediate referral to SLT (Senior Leadership Team).

#### **Serious Behaviour Incidents**

At Northowram Primary School, certain behaviours are considered particularly serious due to their impact on the safety, wellbeing, and respectful culture of the school. The following behaviours are treated as serious incidents and require immediate escalation:

- Physical violence (e.g. hitting, kicking, pushing, striking)
- Swearing or the use of offensive or discriminatory language and deliberate disrespect towards staff or other children.
- Deliberate defiance or rudeness towards staff
- Verbal aggression or intimidation
- Targeted bullying (including online, verbal, physical, or social exclusion)
- Repeated disruption after previous interventions

As children move into upper Key Stage 2, we expect a higher level of self-awareness and responsibility, and serious incidents at this stage will be treated with greater severity.

Such behaviours will result in **immediate referral to a senior leader** and appropriate consequences will be applied. These may include **lunchtime detentions**, **internal exclusions**, or, in the most serious or repeated cases, **fixed-term supsensions or permanent exclusion**, in line with statutory guidance. We will also carry out **investigations for serious incidents** when necessary.

Parents or carers will always be informed of serious incidents, and a restorative conversation will typically take place before the child returns to class, focusing on accountability, the impact of their actions, and strategies to improve behaviour. Our approach aims to maintain a safe and respectful environment for all, while helping children learn from mistakes and make positive changes.

#### **Investigating Serious Incidents**

When a serious incident occurs, the school will take immediate steps to investigate what happened. This includes speaking to all children and adults involved, as well as any witnesses, to gather as much information as possible. The head teacher will then consider all the evidence carefully and make a decision based on the civil standard of proof- this means deciding what is most likely to have happened, rather than what can be proven beyond all doubt. The school recognises that children are still learning about behaviour, and any consequences will take into account each child's age, understanding and individual needs. Our aim is always to help children learn from their mistakes and make positive choices in the future.

#### **Use of Lunchtime Detentions**

**Lunchtime detentions** are used for serious incidents, such as:

- Inappropriate language
- Physical aggression without injury
- Disrespect or refusal to follow adult instructions

During the detention, the child may:

- Complete a reflection sheet (see example in Appendix 1).
- Write an apology
- Discuss the behaviour with a member of staff

This consequence is recorded internally and followed up with parents, ensuring transparency and opportunity for improvement.

#### **Physical Interventions**

All adults are trained in de-escalation strategies to help them help children who become dysregulated, lose their tempers and/or become aggressive towards staff or children. School staff have a duty of care to all staff and children which means that sometimes, it may be necessary to physically intervene with a situation to move a child or stop a situation where a child may be harming others or damaging school or others' property. Before using a physical intervention, school staff should consider whether it's use is reasonable, necessary and proportionate.

Calderdale Health and Safety Officers advise schools to ensure that key staff members are trained in the use of appropriate physical intervention. 5 staff members are trained by attending a certificated 'Team-Teach' course in the use of appropriate physical intervention and training is kept up to date. Physical interventions should be avoided where possible and must only be in accordance with the following:

• The member of staff should have good grounds for believing the child is in

immediate danger of harming themselves or another person, in danger of seriously damaging property or not maintaining good order or discipline.

- Only the minimum force necessary to prevent injury or damage should be applied.
- Every effort should be made to secure a minimum of two Team Teach trained members of staff present before applying the intervention. Other staff can act as assistants or witnesses.
- Once safe, the intervention should be relaxed to allow the child to regain self-control.
  - Intervention should be an act of care and control, NOT punishment.
- Physical intervention should not be used purely to force compliance with staff instructions when there is no immediate danger to people and property.
- After the event, the intervention should be discussed with the child, if appropriate, and the parents at the earliest opportunity.

All occasions where physical interventions have been used are logged on our monitoring system and are always reported to parents and carers.

#### **Suspensions and Permanent Exclusions**

Northowram Primary School follows the guidance set out by the Department for Education <a href="https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment">https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment</a> <a href="data/file/1101498/Suspension">data/file/1101498/Suspension</a> and Permanent Exclusion from maintained schools aca <a href="demiss and pupil referral units">demiss and pupil referral units</a> in England including pupil movement.pdf

Whilst the decision to suspend or exclude is never taken lightly, suspensions and exclusions are essential behaviour management tools for headteachers and can be used to establish high standards of behaviour in our school and maintain the safety of our school community. The government supports headteachers in using suspension and permanent exclusion as a sanction when warranted as part of creating a calm, safe, and supportive environment in which children can learn and thrive. To achieve this, suspension and permanent exclusion are sometimes necessary and it is accepted that not all child behaviour can be amended or remedied by support, pastoral processes, or consequences within the school.

#### 7. Support for Children with Additional Needs

We recognise that some children may need tailored approaches to behaviour due to additional needs. These adaptations are made in consultation with the SENDCo, class teacher, and parents. However, high expectations remain in place for all children, and the support is designed to help them meet those expectations and to make progress from their starting points.

For children who need more support to follow our behaviour policy, we will:

- Set clear targets in their **Personal Learning Programme** (PLP) if they have one or through a **Behaviour Support Plan** (See appendix 2).
- Involve the **SENDCo** where additional needs may be a factor
- Engage with external services (e.g. Educational Psychologist, Behaviour Support)
- Monitor progress closely and review regularly with parents

#### 8. The Role of Staff

All staff are responsible for:

- Teaching and reinforcing school rules and routines
- Modelling respectful behaviour
- Being consistent, fair, and calm
- Following the agreed steps in the behaviour system
- · Logging serious incidents and informing relevant staff

#### Leaders support staff by:

- Coaching and training
- Monitoring behaviour data
- Supporting with serious incidents and parental engagement
- Ensuring follow-through on agreed policies

#### 9. Working with Parents and Carers

We believe in strong partnerships with parents. We will:

- Share behaviour expectations clearly and regularly
- Inform parents early when concerns arise
- Celebrate success with families
- Work together on agreed support strategies where needed

#### 10. Monitoring and Evaluation

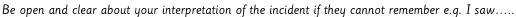
Behaviour is monitored through:

- Behaviour logs
- Regular staff and child feedback
- SLT learning walks
- Safeguarding and inclusion meetings

This policy is reviewed annually by the senior leadership team and governors.

## Appendix 1; Restorative Discussion; Listen, Link, Learn

#### What happened?









\*#@#}:&!!!

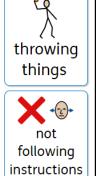
swearing



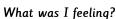
interrupting

learning









saying unkind

things



What school rule do I need to think about?



What could I do next time?





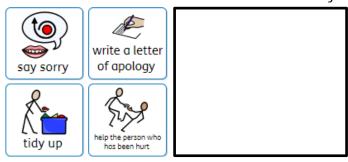








How can I make it better? How can I show that I am sorry?



Date\_\_\_\_\_ Completed by \_\_\_\_\_ Name\_

## Appendix 2;

pendix 2; PLP Example																										
	leave increase from the playground. She can not	I accept to the object of the Figure Accion to the Accion to the Control of the C	Cognition & Learning:			Communication & Interactions	Specific Need:		4. Social Skills: Difficulty with peer relationship	are paced on him	<ol> <li>Impulse control: Biurts out answers, interrupts peer seat (and sometimes the classroom) without permission.</li> <li>Emotional Regulation: Displays loud, appositional outb</li> </ol>	2 Tennile Contail Block out against the second standard and the	meaning she is unable to focus and spends alot of the day cross, anyry and frustrated around situations that have homoved division asstructured times	attention in whole-class settings. Her work is being effected due to constant dysregulation	Overview:  Emma has difficulties with attention and Focus: F		4/03/20 - Reception	Date added to SEND register	Class 2025-2026			Personal Learning Plan		7:0:B- 13 03 15	Name: ED	
	- drawing out what happened and discussing in	Adult facilitated debrief after situations	Calm space				Strategies, resources and/ or provision	2 Impulse Control: Blurts out answers, interrupts peers and teachers, and frequently leaves his seat (and senetimes the classroom) without permission.  3. Emotional Regulation: Displays loud, oppositional outbursts when frustrated or when demands are paced on him.  4. Social Skills: Difficulty with peer relationships due to impulsivity and emotional outbursts.					Overview:,  Emma has difficulties with attention and Facus: Easily distracted, finds it difficult to sustain oftention in whole-class settings. Her week is being iffected due to constant operagulation meaning site is unable to focus and spends alor of the day cross, angry and frustrated around structured times.			Things I'd like to get better at:		Enjoys hands-on and interactive activities     Shows leadership potential during group tasks when supported			Curious and highly werbal     Energetic and creative     Strong verbal comprehension skills			Who am I and what is important to me?	All About Me (Child Voice)	
							Social Skills: Difficulty with peer relationships due to impulsivity and emotional outbursts.		are paced on him	emotional Regulation: Displays loud, oppositional outbursts when frustrated or when demands	SEMH:										leaves his seat (and sometimes the classroom)  without normicsion	2. Impulse Control: Blurts out answers.	difficult to sustain attention in whole-class	Attention and Focus: Easily distracted, finds it	emotionally regulate when back in the classroom, in order to learn.	
	Shared behaviour plan and strategies for	<ul> <li>Fortnightly review meetings with parent/caregiver and support staff</li> </ul>	(brief, solution-focused updates).	Daily communication book or digital log	Teach a range of games/ activities that can be done during unstructured times.	Explicitly teach coloning strategies.	Access to sensory tools to help regulation	ance a week, big book of calmers, Zanes of regulation.	strategies - SULP groups, Emotions groups	of staff Teach and practise emotional regulation	Daily check in and check out with key member		Outline expectations around not leaving the classroom.	lesson start initially to build routine.	Remind of expectations of classroom every	ask. Challen can write or record their answer to the question - ensure look at it so they know you value their answer.	come children can units an encord that are una	Give prempts and visuals to show when the	pictures & captions, diagrams, voice software.	rehearsal - practicing sentences before	highlighting/ circling what is essential. Writing frames, models of finished work so	over wneiming, chause key questions are answered and outline expectations by	Break down tasks so more sustainable and less	Sensory area with classroom	the 3rd person. Look at alternative ways of dealing with it.	
		Year 6	Year 5	Year 4	Year 3	Year 2	Year 1	Reception	Nursery	Learning Journey - what has been tried/ interventions previously done						Previous Professional's Reports/screeners including dates:		of regulation	Emotion/ emotional literacy  Regulation strategies - big book colmers/ zeros	Interventions:			Sensory & Physical:			
Northowran	- r									ventions previously done			Summer:	Autumo	Year :	Assessment Data				Test Adaptations					consistency between home and school.	
												1														1